



"WOMEN IN POLITICS AND DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA"

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Dr.B.R. Ambedkar political views on social justice and women
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Abstract:

Justice brings equal distribution of the social, political and economical resources of the community. The paper attempts to understand the importance of the vision of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar of social justice for the women. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar is one of the proponents of social justice in modern India. This paper highlights the meaning, definition, theories, constitutional aspects of social justice for women. Ambedkar created a social revolution by awakening the women, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and breaking all social values based on Hindu Social System.

Key words: Vision, Social Justice, Women

Methodology:

This paper is based on secondary data that is collected through different sources like books, journals, articles and internet sources.

Introduction:

B.R. Ambedkar the chief architect of Indian constitution. He was known as modern man for his work in piloting the constitution of Independent India. B.R. Ambedkar was goal of his writings and speeches development social, economic and polity history of India and have Indian society and polity, he being a social thinker, his ideas on social and political religious and economic problem such as caste, evil of rigid caste system in Indian society. B.R. Ambedkar acquired deep knowledge in every field of human activity to become a founder of his own independent ideology. He was trained as a social scientist, social progress and social stability depended on equity as per his beliefs stability is necessary but not at the cost of change where cost of social justice.

Meaning and Definition:

Social justice being a multidimensional concept has been viewed by scholars of law, philosophy and political science differently. Social justice is a bundle of rights, it is balancing wheel between haves and have not's. It is a great social value in providing a stable society and in securing the unity of the country. In general, social justice may be defined as "the right of weak, aged, destitute, poor, women, children and other under-privileged persons".

According to **Ambedkar**, the social justice is based upon equality, liberty and fraternity of all human beings. The aim of social justice is to remove all kinds of inequalities based upon caste, race, sex, power, position, and wealth. The social justice brings equal distribution of the social, political and economical resources of the community.

Rousseau argued that men are equal by nature but the institutions of private property has made them unequal and further perpetuated inequalities. Therefore, the perfection of man lies in the improvement of society that can be done by remarking man by cultivating natural feelings and sentiments which guarantee equality and social justice.